PWO - Construction Technology

T026

Tuesday, 17/11/2015

08:30 - 11:30

WORKFORCE DEVELOPMENT AUTHORITY



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### ADVANCED LEVEL NATIONAL EXAMINATIONS, 2015, TECHNICAL AND PROFESSIONAL TRADES

**EXAM TITLE:** Construction Technology

**Public Works (PWO) OPTION:** 

**DURATION:** 3hours

#### **INSTRUCTIONS:**

The paper is composed of three (3) Sections:

Section I: Fourteen (14) questions, all Compulsory.

55marks

Section II: Five (5) questions, Choose Three (3) only.

30marks

Section III: Two (2) questions, Choose only One (1).

15marks

The use of calculator is admitted

Every candidate is required to strictly obey the above instructions. Punishment measures will be applied to anyone who ignores these instructions.

## Section I. Fourteen (14) Compulsory questions. 55marks

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<b>01.</b> What are the four (4) soil types according to particle sizes?	4marks
<b>02.</b> Give four reasons why a stepped foundation is the most economical	
alternative on a sloping construction site.	4marks
03. i) Compare the rapid hardening and ordinary Portland cements in	
terms of setting time and strength developed after setting.	2marks
ii) What is the main consideration governing the choice of the type	
of a brick to be used?	1mark
04. Mention six (6) requirements for a good formwork.	3marks
05. List in chronological order the steps involved in painting a building	wall.
03. List in cinolological 1	5marks
06. List down five (5) types of finishing mortar joints.	5marks
<b>07.</b> A "lean-to roof" has a rise of 4m and a span of 8m, calculate its	
	4marks
slope and pitch. <b>08.</b> Apart from the concrete slab, what are other layers of the ground fl	oor of a
	4marks
residential house?	3marks
O9. What are three (3) basis of classification of windows?	2
10. State two (2) basic functional requirements of scaffolding in	4marks
masonry work.	
11. Bricks are generally bonded with cement mortar. What are the	3marks
purposes of brick bonding?	5marks
12. What are factors affecting the workability of concrete?	
13. With help of neat sketches differentiate confined excavation from	3marks
sloped excavation.	
14. Suppose you are requested to supervise and approve the execu	neu masomy
wall, what will you check about these elements: water, cement, m	5marks
and workmanship?	omarks

## Section II. Answer any three (3) questions of your choice (Do not choose more than three questions). 30marks

- 15. Discuss two functions of water as an active component of concrete. 10marks
  - 16. Explain how a mason maintains the quality of brick laying by checking alignment, vertically and level.10marks
  - 17. Describe the two types of roofs based on geometrical considerations. 10marks
  - 18. i) Explain different functions served by flooring.
    - ii) Differentiate solid floor from suspended floor.

10marks

- 19. i) Differentiate mobile scaffold from suspended scaffold?
  - ii) Why is scaffolding taken as false work?

respectively.

10marks

# Section III. Answer any one (1) question of your choice (Do not choose more than one question). 15marks

- 20. i) Given a staircase of 2.4m total rise, 2.925m total going, 14 risers and 13 goings, check the suitability of this staircase using the formula: 2R + G = 550 to 700, whereby R and G stands for single rise and single going
  - ii) Upon which factors depends the period of curing concrete? 15marks
- 21. i) With help of neat sketches differentiate brick masonry in "English bond" from "Flemish bond" as seen in elevation view.
  - ii) In a tabular format, distinguish "English bond" from "Flemish bond" with three (3) clear characteristics on each bond. **15marks**
- 22. The Building Coverage ratio is defined as the ratio of built area over plot area.
  - a. Find the Building Coverage ratio (in percentage) for a rectangular plot of 30m to 20m and a rectangular building of 20m to 18m.
  - b. What is its importance in urban planning?
  - c. What is the biggest value of this ratio and why?

15marks

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